

Ultra Light-Weld® 9703 Optical Display Adhesive

APPLICATIONS

- Optical Display Lamination
- Edge Damming

FEATURES & BENEFITS

- UV/Visible Light Cure
- Excellent Re-Workability
- Non-Yellowing
- Low Shrinkage

OTHER FEATURES

- Bonds to a Variety Of Surfaces
- Gel Viscosity Performance
- Good Thermal Shock Resistance

Dymax Ultra Light-Weld® 9703 optical display adhesive is designed for use in flat panel displays where re-workability and non-yellowing characteristics are important. Ultra Light-Weld® 9703 materials cure upon exposure to light and contain no nonreactive solvents. Their ability to cure in seconds enables faster processing, greater output, and lower processing costs. When cured with Dymax focused-beam lamps, flood lamps, or spot lamps, they deliver optimum speed and performance for optical display lamination and damming. Dymax lamps offer the ideal balance of UV and visible light for the fastest, deepest cures. This product is in full compliance with RoHS Directives 2015/863/EU and 2011/65/EU.

UNCURED PROPERTIES *		
Property	Value	Test Method
Solvent Content	No Nonreactive Solvents	N/A
Chemical Class	Acrylated Urethane	N/A
Appearance	Light Yellow Gel	N/A
Soluble in	Organic Solvents	N/A
Density, g/ml	0.94	ASTM D1875
Viscosity, cP (20 rpm)	30,000 (nominal)	DSTM 502 [‡]

CURED MECHANICAL PROPERTIES *		
Property	Value	Test Method
Durometer Hardness	00-80	ASTM D2240
Tensile at Break, MPa [psi]	1.85 [268]	ASTM D638
Elongation at Break, %	157	ASTM D638
Modulus of Elasticity, MPa [psi]	0.73 [106]	ASTM D638
Glass Transition T _g , °C	-4	DSTM 256 [‡]
CTE _{α1} , μm/m/°C	74	DSTM 610 [‡]
CTE _{α2} , μm/m/°C	229	DSTM 610 [‡]

OTHER CURED PROPERTIES *		
Property	Value	Test Method
Refractive Index (20°C)	1.48	ASTM D542
Boiling Water Absorption, % (2 h)	0.38	ASTM D570
Water Absorption, % (25°C, 24 h)	0.26	ASTM D570
Volumetric Shrinkage, %	4.2	DSTM 611 [‡]

* Not Specifications

N/A Not Applicable

‡ DSTM Refers to Dymax Standard Test Method

** 20 mil Thick Film

ELECTRICAL PROPERTIES *		
Property	Value	Test Method
Dielectric Constant (1 MHz)	3.55	ASTM D150
Dielectric Constant (1 kHz)	4.84	ASTM D150
Dissipation Factor (1 MHz)	0.03	ASTM D150
Dissipation Factor (1 kHz)	0.04	ASTM D150
Dielectric Breakdown Voltage, kV/mm [V/mil]	24.88 [631.48]	ASTM D149
Volume Resistivity, ohm-cm	7.51 x 10 ¹⁴	ASTM D257
Surface Resistivity, ohm	1.76 x 10 ¹⁴	ASTM D257

ADHESION	
Substrate	
PC	
PET	
PMMA	
Glass	
Stainless Steel	

OPTICAL PROPERTIES *		
Property	Value	Test Method
% Transmittance at 570 nm	97	DSTM 501 [‡]
Yellowness (b*) initial (5 mil thick)	0.47**	DSTM 612 [‡]
Yellowness (b*) after 85°C/85% RH, 500 h (5 mil thick)	0.95**	DSTM 612 [‡]
Yellowness (b*) after 5 min exposure to 60 mW/cm ² UV (5 mil thick)	0.47**	DSTM 612 [‡]
% Haze	1.39	ASTM D1003



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Technical Data collected prior to 2012

DCR# C17-0232

DC344

REV: E

Rev. 05/22/2018

ISSUE DATE: September, 2017

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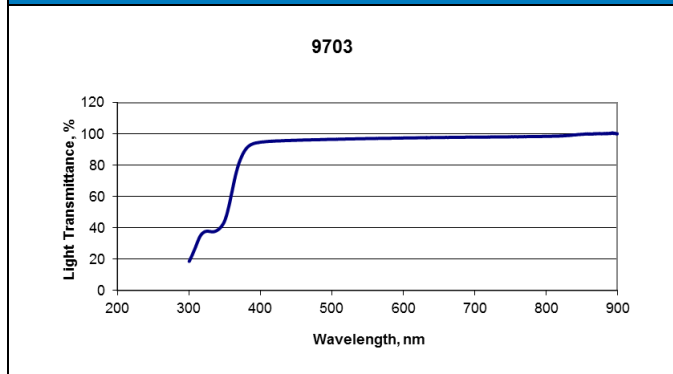
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LIGHT TRANSMITTANCE **



** Measured at 0.03 mm [0.001in] per DSTM-501†

† DSTM Refers to Dymax Standard Test Method

UV CURING GUIDELINES

Thickness (mil) ^A	5	20
Intensity (mW/cm ²)	Time or Belt Speed ^B	
60 ^C	25 s	30 s
150 ^C	15 s	25 s
230 ^C	15 s	20 s
2,500 (Fusion D Bulb) ^D	1.5 m/min [5 ft/min]	0.9 m/min [3 ft/min]

A For applications requiring higher thicknesses, please contact Dymax Application Engineering.

B Curing through light-blocking substrates may require longer cure times if they obstruct wavelengths used for light curing (320-400 nm for UV light curing, 320-450 nm for UV/Visible light curing). These curing times/belt speeds are typical for curing thin films through 100% light-transmitting substrates.

C Intensity was measured over the UVA range (320-395 nm) using a Dymax ACCU-CAL™ 50 Radiometer.

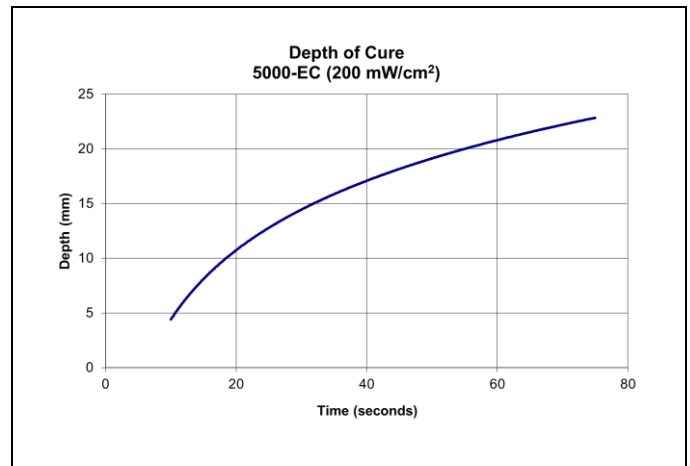
D At 53 mm [2.1 in] focal distance. Maximum speed of conveyor is 8.2 m/min [27 ft/min]. Intensity was measured over the UVA range (320-395 nm) using the Dymax ACCU-CAL™ 150 Radiometer.

Full cure is best determined empirically by curing at different times and intensities, and measuring the corresponding change in cured properties such as tackiness, adhesion, hardness, etc. Full cure is defined as the point at which more light exposure no longer improves cured properties. Higher intensities or longer cures (up to 5x) generally will not degrade Dymax light-curable materials.

Dymax recommends that customers employ a safety factor by curing longer and/or at higher intensities than required for full cure. Although Dymax Application Engineering can provide technical support and assist with process development, each customer ultimately must determine and qualify the appropriate curing parameters required for their unique application.

DEPTH OF CURE

The graphs below show the increase in depth of cure as a function of exposure time with two different lamps at different intensities. A 9.5 mm [0.37 in] diameter specimen was cured in a polypropylene mold and cooled to room temperature. It was then released from the mold and the cure depth was measured.



OPTIMIZING PERFORMANCE AND HANDLING

1. This product cures with exposure to UV and visible light. Exposure to ambient and artificial light should be kept to a minimum before curing. Dispensing components including needles and fluid lines should be 100% light blocking, not just UV blocking.
2. All surfaces in contact with the material should be clean and free from flux residue, grease, mold release, or other contaminants prior to dispensing the material.
3. Cure speed is dependent upon many variables, including lamp intensity, distance from the light source, required depth of cure, thickness, and percent light transmission of components between the material and light source.
4. Oxygen in the atmosphere may inhibit surface cure. Surfaces exposed to air may require high-intensity ($>100 \text{ mW/cm}^2$) UV light to produce a dry surface cure. Flooding the curing area with an inert gas, such as nitrogen, can also reduce the effects of oxygen inhibition.
5. Parts should be allowed to cool after cure before testing and subjecting to any loads or electrical testing.
6. Light curing generally produces some heat. If necessary, cooling fans can be placed in the curing area to reduce the heating effect on components.
7. At the point of curing, an air exhaust system is recommended to dissipate any heat and vapors formed during the curing process.

DISPENSING THE MATERIAL

This material may be dispensed with a variety of manual, semi-automated and fully automated fluid delivery systems. Small area applications including beads and small dots can be achieved using hand-held Dymax dispensing systems like our SD-100 syringe dispenser and our Model 400 needle valve systems. The value system can be used in a manual, semi-automated or fully automated application. Dymax has several other dispensing systems that may be suitable for use with our adhesive materials. Questions relating to and defining the best fluid delivery system and curing equipment for specific applications should be discussed with the Dymax Application Engineering Team.

CLEAN UP

Uncured material may be removed from dispensing components and parts with organic solvents. Cured material will be impervious to many solvents and difficult to remove. Cleanup of cured material may require mechanical methods such as ultrasonic bath, water jet, vacuum tweezers, air knife and/ or warming to aid in the removal.

STORAGE AND SHELF LIFE

Store the material in a cool, dark place when not in use. Do not expose to light. This product may polymerize upon prolonged exposure to ambient and artificial light. Keep covered when not in use. This material has a minimum six-month shelf life from date of shipment, unless otherwise specified, when stored between 10°C [50°F] and 32°C [90°F] in the original, unopened container.

GENERAL INFORMATION

This product is intended for industrial use only. Keep out of the reach of children. Avoid breathing vapors. Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Wear impervious gloves. Repeated or continuous skin contact with uncured material may cause irritation. Remove material from skin with soap and water. Never use organic solvents to remove material from skin and eyes. For more information on the safe handling of this material, please refer to the Safety Data Sheet before use.

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